GRAPHS IN WHICH THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE MAXIMUM DEGREE AND THE MAXIMUM CLIQUE NUMBER IS BOUNDED BY A CONSTANT

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For every $k \in \mathbb{N}_0$, we consider graphs in which for every induced subgraph, $\Delta \leq \omega - 1 + k$ holds, where Δ is the maximum degree and ω is the maximum clique number of the subgraph. We give a finite forbidden subgraph characterization for every k.

As an application, we find some results on the chromatic number χ of a graph. For example, if we limit our result to the case $k \leq 3$, we find the following: In [2], Reed stated the conjecture that for every graph, $\chi \leq \left\lceil \frac{\Delta + \omega + 1}{2} \right\rceil$ holds. Since this inequality is fulfilled by graphs in which $\Delta \leq \omega + 2$, our results provide a hereditary graph class for which the conjecture holds.

Keywords: maximum clique, maximum degree, structural characterization of families of graphs, coloring of graphs.

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